



HỌC ANH NGỮ TRÊN ĐÀI VOA

Đi nghe bài học, xin [BỘ M VÀO ĐÁY](#)

Đây là Chương trình Anh Ngữ Sinh động New Dynamic English, bài 116. Phạm Văn xin kính chào quý vị thính giả. Chủ đề của bài học hôm nay là The Problem of Pollution và vấn đề ô nhiễm. Chúng ta cũng học về nguyên nhân và hậu quả bằng cách dùng từ CAUSE: a cause=nguyên nhân; to cause=gây nên.

Cũng học về cách dùng LESS (ít hơn) và MORE (nhiều hơn) khi so sánh. Chú ý: Pollution=sự ô nhiễm. To pollute= làm ô nhiễm, to contaminate. Polluted=bị ô nhiễm. Pollutant=chất ô nhiễm. Environment=môi sinh. [Mà có cơ quan bảo vệ môi sinh gọi tắt là EPA, Environmental Protection Agency.] Waste material=chất bã thải ra. An expert=chuyên viên, chuyên gia. She's an expert on the environment.=bà ta là chuyên gia về môi sinh. Expert còn dùng như một adjective. An expert opinion=ý kiến của một nhà chuyên môn. Expertise=(noun) kiến thức chuyên môn.

Cut 1

Opening

MUSIC

Max (voice over): Hi, I'm Max.

Kathy (voice over): Hello. My name is Kathy.

Max and Kathy (voice over): Welcome to New Dynamic English!

MUSIC up and then fade

Larry: New Dynamic English is a basic English language course and an introduction to American people and culture.

Today's unit is "The Problem of Pollution."

This program focuses on the language of cause and effect, using the noun "cause" and the verb "to cause."

This lessons also focuses on comparison with "less" and "more".

Ellen Williams is an expert on the environment.

MUSIC

Kathy: Hi, Max. How are you today?

Max: Fine, Kathy. Thanks for asking.

So, who's our guest today?

Kathy: Ellen Williams.

She's an expert on the environment.

She works for the US government.

I interviewed her last week about the problem of pollution.

And I invited her to be on our show.

Max: I'm looking forward to meeting her.

MUSIC

Vietnamese Explanation

Trong đoạn tßi, Kathy phỏng vấn Ellen Williams, một chuyên viên về môi sinh. Ellen Williams is an expert on the environment. She works for the US government.=bà ấy làm việc cho chính phủ Mß. Hãy nghe mấy câu dùng danh từ POLLUTION, và tính từ POLLUTED.

Air pollution makes us sick=ô nhiễm không khí làm chúng ta bệnh. Pollution causes health problems=ô nhiễm gây bệnh. Health problems=vấn đề sức khỏe, bệnh tật. Pollution also kills plants, and plants give us clean air.= Ô nhiễm cũng giết chết cây cối, và cây cối cho chúng ta không khí trong lành. To produce=sản xuất, sinh ra. Plants and trees produce the air that we breathe=cây cối sinh ra không khí ta thở. Polluted water kills animals and fish.=nước bị ô nhiễm làm loài vật và cá chết. If we breathe polluted air, we get sick=nếu ta thở không khí bị ô nhiễm, thì ta bị bệnh. We also get sick if we drink polluted water=chúng ta cũng bị bệnh nếu ta uống nước bị ô nhiễm. Nhßn xét về cách dùng động từ to breathe và danh từ breath. To breathe=thở; to breathe in=hít hßi vào; to breathe out=thở hßi ra; to breathe a sigh of relief=thở phào vì hßt lo. Don't breathe a word of this to anyone=đừng hé răng lß cho ai biết đißu này. He said something under his breath=anh ta nói thầm. Waste one's breath=phí lßi nói The doctor told him to take a deep breath=Bác sĩ bảo anh ta hít hßi thật mạnh vào.

Polluted air and water is bad for our health and for the environment.=Không khí và nước bị ô nhiễm đều có hại cho sức khỏe chúng ta và cho môi sinh.

Cut 2

Interview. Ellen Williams: Why is pollution a problem?

Larry: Interview

Kathy: Now it's time for today's interview.

Our guest today is Ellen Williams.

She's going to talk to us about the problem of pollution.

Kathy: Ellen, why is pollution a problem?

Ellen: Well, for one thing, pollution makes us sick.

Kathy: You mean, it's bad for our health?

Ellen: That's right. Pollution causes health problems.

For example, if we breathe polluted air, we get sick.

Kathy: I see. And we also get sick if we drink polluted water.

Ellen: Yes.

Kathy: What else?

Ellen: Polluted water kills animals and fish.

Kathy: That's terrible!

Ellen: Pollution also kills plants, and plants give us clean air.

Kathy: Plants give us clean air?

Ellen: Yes. Plants and trees produce the air that we breathe.

Pollution kills the plants which give us clean air.

Kathy: Right. I remember that from school.

Our guest is Ellen Williams. We'll talk more after our break.

This is New Dynamic English.

MUSIC

Vietnamese Explanation

Trong ph n t i, quí v nghe và l p l i.

Cut 3

Language Focus. Pollution makes us sick.

Larry: Listen and repeat.

Max: Pollution makes us sick.

(pause for repeat)

Max: Pollution causes health problems.

(pause for repeat)

Max: If we breathe polluted air, we get sick.

(pause for repeat)

Max: We also get sick if we drink polluted water.

(pause for repeat)

MUSIC

Vietnamese Explanation

Trong phần tiếp, Kathy phỏng vấn Ellen Williams, chuyên viên về môi sinh. Ta học cách dùng danh từ cause, nguyên do, và động từ to cause, gây nên. A factory=xí nghiệp máy. Factories cause air pollution and water pollution. Xí nghiệp máy gây ra ô nhiễm không khí và nước. Automobiles and factories are two main causes of pollution=xe hơi và xí nghiệp máy là hai nguyên do chính gây ra ô nhiễm.

Cut 4

Interview 2. Ellen Williams: There are many causes of air pollution

Larry: Interview

Kathy: Our guest today is Ellen Williams.

Ellen, what causes air pollution?

Ellen: There are many causes of air pollution.

Automobiles are one major cause of air pollution.

Kathy: What about factories? Do factories cause pollution?

Ellen: Yes, factories cause lots of pollution.

Factories cause air pollution.

They also cause water pollution.

Kathy: Let's take a short break.

This is New Dynamic English.

MUSIC

Vietnamese Explanation

Trong ph n t i quí v nghe và p i. Hình th c c a đ ng t cause ô ngi th ba s ít là causes. What causes pollution?=T i sao có ô nhi m? [Sau câu h i b t đ u b ng WHAT nh , "What causes pollution?" thì đ ng t ô hình th c ngi th ba s ít, causes. T ng t , What kills animals and fish? T i sao loài v t và cây c b ch t? Kills ô ngi th ba s ít.] Pollution causes health problems= ô nhi m gây ra b nh t t. Polluted water kills animals and fish. N c b ô nhi m làm loài v t và cá b ch t.

Cut 5

Language Focus. Factories cause water pollution

Larry: Listen and repeat.

Max: Pollution causes health problems.

(pause for repeat)

Max: What causes health problems?

(pause for repeat)

Max: Pollution causes health problems.

(pause for repeat)

Max: Factories cause water pollution.

(pause for repeat)

Max: What causes water pollution?

(pause for repeat)

Max: Factories cause water pollution.

(pause for repeat)

Max: Polluted water kills animals and fish.

(pause for repeat)

Max: What kills animals and fish?

(pause for repeat)

Max: Polluted water kills animals and fish.

(pause for repeat)

MUSIC

Vietnamese Explanation

Trong phần đi n th e mail, ta h c nh ng câu nh , Ellen explains about automobiles and pollution=Ellen gi i thích v xe h i và ô nhi m. Ta hãy nghe Ellen nói. In general, new cars cause less pollution than old cars.=T u trung, xe h i m i gây ít ô nhi m h n xe cũ. And big cars usually cause more pollution than small cars.=và xe h i l n gây ra nhi u ô nhi m h n xe h i nh .

Cut 6

E mail: Do all automobiles cause pollution?

Larry: E mail.

Ellen explains about automobiles and pollution.

New cars cause less pollution than old cars.

Kathy: Now let's check our e mail.

SFX: Computer keyboard sounds (ti␣ ng bàn máy đ␣ n toán)

Kathy: We have an e mail from Ted in Atlanta.

His question is: Do all automobiles cause pollution?

Ellen: That's a good question.

All automobiles cause some pollution.

In general, new cars cause less pollution than old cars.

And big cars usually cause more pollution than small cars.

Kathy: Ellen, thank you for being on our show.

Ellen: Thank you, Kathy.

Kathy: Let's take a short break.

This is New Dynamic English.

MUSIC

Vietnamese Explanation

Trong đ␣ n t␣ i, quí v␣ nghe và tr␣ l␣ i, căn c␣ vào ý nghĩa trong bài.

Cut 7

Language Focus. Listen and answer.

Larry: Listen and answer.

Listen for the bell, then say your answer.

Max: Do automobiles cause pollution?

(ding)

(pause for answer)

Max: Yes, they do. Automobiles cause pollution.

(short pause)

Max: Does pollution cause health problems?

(ding)

(pause for answer)

Max: Yes, it does. Pollution causes health problems.

(short pause)

Max: Do plants and trees cause air pollution?

(ding)

(pause for answer)

Max: No, they don't.

Plants and trees produce clean air.

They don't cause air pollution.

(short pause)

MUSIC

Vietnamese Explanation

Trong đä n täi, ta nghe mäu đäm thoäi giäa hai vä chäng Harry và Susan trong nhà bäp vào buäi säng. A husband and wife are in the kitchen in the morning. To be out of=hät. They're out of coffee=hät hät cä phä. What do you mean there's no coffee? Anh näi sao, hät cä phä à? I

mean there isn't any coffee=tôi mu n nói h t s ch cà phê. Footsteps=ti ng chân ng i.

Cut 8

Daily Dialogue: No Coffee! (Part 1)

Larry: Daily Dialogue: No Coffee! (Part 1)

A husband and wife are in the kitchen in the morning.

What do you mean there's no coffee?

I mean there isn't any coffee.

Larry: Listen to the conversation.

SFX: footsteps entering room

Susan: Good morning, Harry!

(short pause)

Harry: There's no coffee, Susan.

(short pause)

Susan: What do you mean there's no coffee?

(short pause)

Harry: I mean there isn't any coffee.

(short pause)

Larry: Listen and repeat.

Susan: Good morning, Harry!

(pause for repeat)

Harry: There's no coffee, Susan.

(pause for repeat)

Susan: What do you mean there's no coffee?

(pause for repeat)

Harry: I mean there isn't any coffee.

(pause for repeat)

MUSIC

Vietnamese Explanation

Quý vị vừa đã học xong bài 116 trong Chương Trình Anh Ngữ Sinh Động New Dynamic English. Chúng tôi xin kính chào quý vị thính giả và xin hẹn gặp lại trong bài học tiếp.